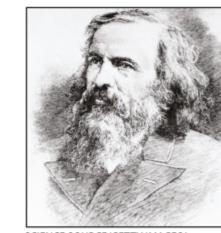
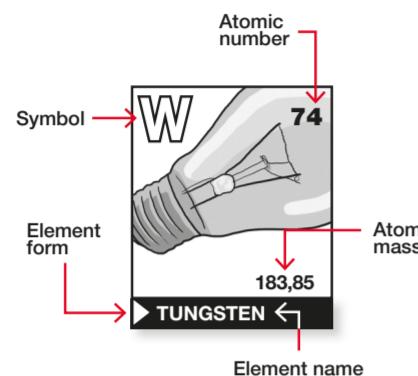


Periodic Table of the ELEMENTS

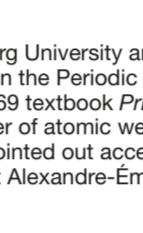
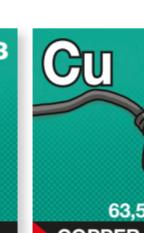
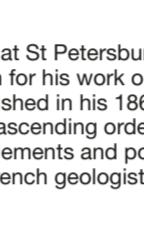
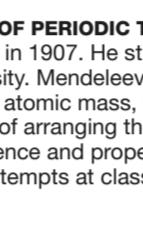
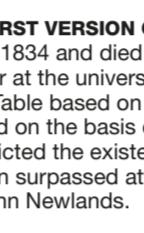
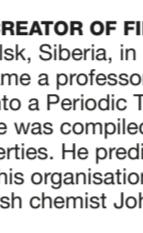
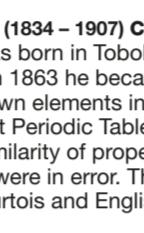
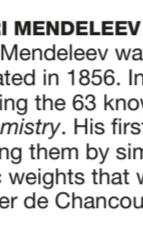
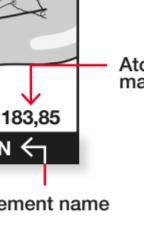
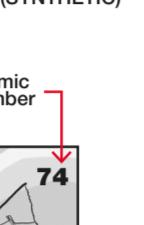
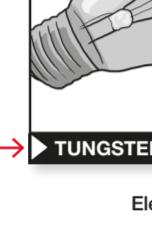
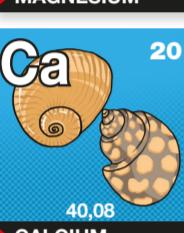
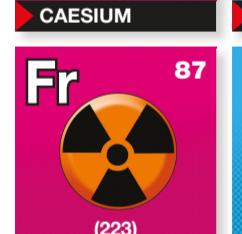
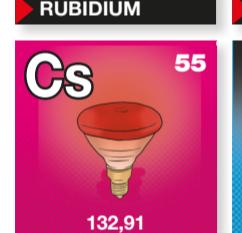
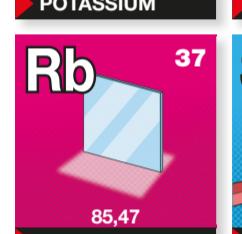
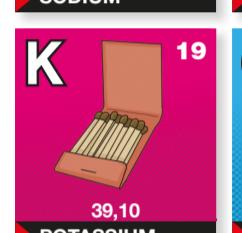
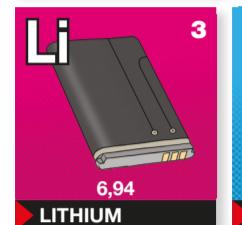
AT ROOM TEMPERATURE THE ELEMENT IS:

- A GAS
- A LIQUID
- A NATURAL SOLID
- A MAN-MADE SOLID (SYNTHETIC)



DMITRI MENDELEEV (1834 - 1907) CREATOR OF FIRST VERSION OF PERIODIC TABLE

Dmitri Mendeleev was born in Tobolsk, Siberia, in 1834 and died in 1907. He studied science at St Petersburg University and graduated in 1856. In 1863 he became a professor at the university. Mendeleev is best known for his work on the Periodic Table; arranging the 63 known elements into a Periodic Table based on atomic mass, which he published in his 1869 textbook *Principles of Chemistry*. His first Periodic Table was compiled on the basis of arranging the elements in ascending order of atomic weight and grouping them by similarity of properties. He predicted the existence and properties of new elements and pointed out accepted atomic weights that were in error. This organisation surpassed attempts at classification by French geologist Alexandre-Émile Béguer de Chancourtois and English chemist John Newlands.



ALKALI METALS

NON-METAL

ALKALINE EARTH

HALOGEN

TRANSITION METAL

NOBLE GAS

BASIC METAL

LANTHANIDES

SEMI-METAL

ACTINIDES

YOU

DRUM

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